

The GlobGlacier project

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The GlobGlacier project

New activity within ESA's Data User Element (DUE) programme

Aim:

Establish services for operational glacier monitoring from space, complementing and strengthening the existing services and network

Users: Science community studying glaciers in the context of climate change

Budget: 950 K€







Objectives

Products responding to

 Operational needs & requirements of a certain number of users who will be actively involved in the project

 Requirements of the GCOS implementation plan for UNFCCC & GCOS "Systematic Observation Requirements for Satellitebased Products for Climate"

Priority application areas:

- complementing and completing the WGI with 2D vector outlines
- changes in glacier length, size, and volume
- global trends of climate change and sea level rise contribution







Service extent

Total number of glaciers to be investigated will vary according to the information products: from selected mass balance glaciers to tens of thousands of glaciers worldwide

Geographical areas: glaciers from at least

- Europe Alpes
- Europe North
- Africa
- Asia
- South-America
- North America
- New Zealand

Time period:

Glaciers will also be analyzed over time, going back 10-20 years.







User requirements meetings

22-23 June 2006, University of Zurich 16 August 2006, Cambridge

Objectives: Define requirements for the information products to be developed and implemented in the GlobGlacier project

Output of the meeting:

- A user requirements document with six products
- Confirmed interest from meeting participants to participate
- Document for a proposed co-operation between GlobGlacier and the GLIMS initiative







Involved user groups:

- WGMS
- GLIMS
- scientists (cryosphere, climate modelling, sea-level-rise)

Interested users:

- GTOS/GCOS
- UNESCO (GRID-Geneva)
- hydrological programmes and organisations
- further scientists and the general public







Areas of interest:

- Representative key regions (without the two Ice Sheets)
- entire mountain ranges or massifs
- several 10'000 km²

Selection criteria for representative regions:

Climate change detection:

- Include and extend available long-term in-situ measurements
- Bridge geographic gaps of the world glacier inventory (WGI) also with respect to DEM coverage (outside SRTM)
- include different glacier geometries (size, aspect, dynamics, ...)

Sea level rise:

• Large area covered, climatically sensitive region

Close coordination with GLIMS and WGMS









Products

- 2. Area: Digital map of glacier outlines + a level 2 product that can readily be ingested into the GLIMS database (including individual glaciers with topographic parameters)
- **3. Snowline**: Position of the end of summer snowline (ELA) for mass balance determination
- 4. Terminus position: Coordinates of lowest glacier elevation or vector line marking the terminus
- **5. Topography**: Digital map of surface elevation (DEM), both from the ice surface and outside
- 6. Elevation change: Time slices of DEMs or point elevation trends
- 7. Velocity: Velocity fields or velocities at individual points





• Planned start: Summer 2007

- Duration: 3 years
- Three project phases:
 - Definition phase (6 months)
 - Development phase (10 months)
 - Production and Validation Phase (20 months)



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5 consortium partners & 5 PhDs

- Universities of Zurich (lead), Oslo and Edinburgh
- Gamma Remote Sensing (CH) and ENVEO (AU)
- 5 work packages covering the 6 products
 - each lead by one of the consortium members
 - close interactions among the WPs
 - full documentation of applied standards / techniques
- Close interaction with user groups
 - 4 user meetings in Zurich defining the requirements, testing the products, reporting about the service
 - advisory board provides guidelines global outreach

